

21. An athlete on a trampoline leaps straight up into the air with an initial speed of 9.0 m/s. Find (a) the maximum height reached by the athlete relative to the trampoline and (b) the speed of the athlete when she is halfway up to her maximum height.
22. Truck suspensions often have “helper springs” that engage at high loads. One such arrangement is a leaf spring with a helper coil spring mounted on the axle, as shown in Figure P5.22. When the main leaf spring is compressed by distance y_0 , the helper spring engages and then helps to support any additional load. Suppose the leaf spring constant is 5.25×10^5 N/m, the helper spring constant is 3.60×10^5 N/m, and $y_0 = 0.500$ m. (a) What is the compression of the leaf spring for a load of 5.00×10^5 N? (b) How much work is done in compressing the springs?

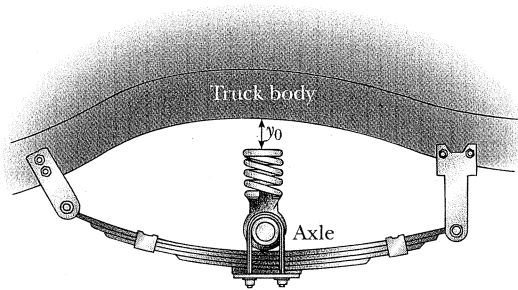


Figure P5.22

23. A daredevil on a motorcycle leaves the end of a ramp with a speed of 35.0 m/s as in Figure P5.23. If his speed is 33.0 m/s when he reaches the peak of the path, what is the maximum height that he reaches? Ignore friction and air resistance.

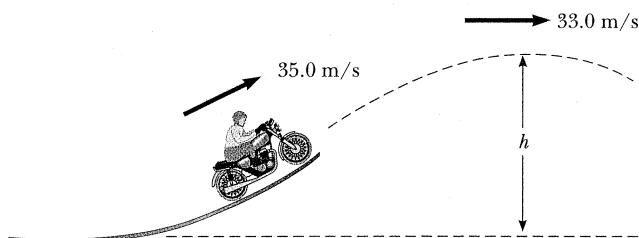


Figure P5.23

24. A softball pitcher rotates a 0.250-kg ball around a vertical circular path of radius 0.600 m before releasing it. The pitcher exerts a 30.0-N force directed parallel to the motion of the ball around the complete circular path. The speed of the ball at the top of the circle is 15.0 m/s. If the ball is released at the bottom of the circle, what is its speed upon release?
25. The chin-up is one exercise that can be used to strengthen the biceps muscle. This muscle can exert a force of approximately 800 N as it contracts a distance of 7.5 cm in a 75-kg male³. How much work can the biceps muscles (one in each arm) perform in a single contraction? Compare this amount of work with the energy required to lift a 75-kg person 40 cm in performing a chin-up. Do you think the biceps muscle is the only muscle involved in performing a chin-up?

Section 5.5 Systems and Energy Conservation

26. A 50-kg pole vaulter running at 10 m/s vaults over the bar. Her speed when she is above the bar is 1.0 m/s. Neglect

air resistance, as well as any energy absorbed by the pole, and determine her altitude as she crosses the bar.

27. **Physics Now™** A child and a sled with a combined mass of 50.0 kg slide down a frictionless slope. If the sled starts from rest and has a speed of 3.00 m/s at the bottom, what is the height of the hill?
28. A 0.400-kg bead slides on a curved wire, starting from rest at point A in Figure P5.28. If the wire is frictionless, find the speed of the bead (a) at B and (b) at C.

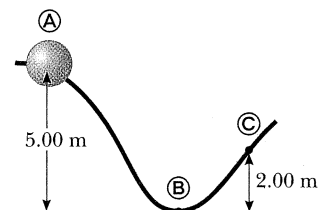


Figure P5.28 (Problems 28 and 36)

29. A 5.00-kg steel ball is dropped onto a copper plate from a height of 10.0 m. If the ball leaves a dent 3.20 mm deep in the plate, what is the average force exerted by the plate on the ball during the impact?
30. A bead of mass $m = 5.00$ kg is released from point A and slides on the frictionless track shown in Figure P5.30. Determine (a) the bead's speed at points B and C and (b) the net work done by the force of gravity in moving the bead from A to C.

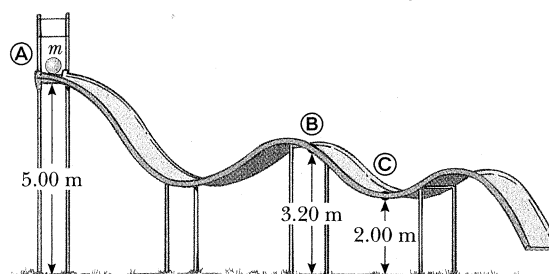


Figure P5.30

31. Tarzan swings on a 30.0-m-long vine initially inclined at an angle of 37.0° with the vertical. What is his speed at the bottom of the swing (a) if he starts from rest? (b) if he pushes off with a speed of 4.00 m/s?
32. Three objects with masses $m_1 = 5.0$ kg, $m_2 = 10$ kg, and $m_3 = 15$ kg, respectively, are attached by strings over frictionless pulleys, as indicated in Figure P5.32. The horizontal surface is frictionless and the system is released from rest. Using energy concepts, find the speed of m_3 after it moves down a distance of 4.0 m.

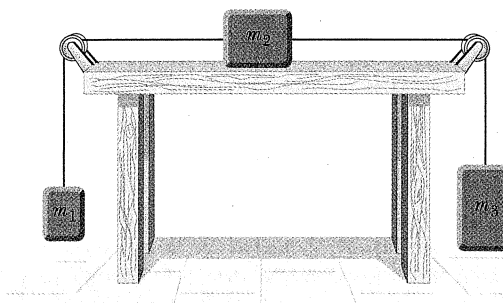


Figure P5.32 (Problems 32 and 89)

³G. P. Pappas et al., “Nonuniform shortening in the biceps brachii during elbow flexion,” *Journal of Applied Physiology* 92, 2381, 2002.